

Grade 4 Science Pacing Guide

Unit	Standards	Weeks
<p align="center">Forces and Motion</p> <p>Key Vocabulary: Magnet, Iron, Metal, Force Field, Pole, Push, Pull, Motion, Attraction, Repulsion, Electric Charge, Electric Discharge</p>	<p>4.P.1; Explain how various forces affect the motion of an object.</p> <p>4.P.1.1; Explain how magnets interact with all things made of iron and with other magnets to produce motion without touching them.</p> <p>4.P.1.2; Explain how electrically charged objects push or pull on other electrically charged objects and produce motion.</p>	<p align="center">WEEKS 1-5</p>
<p align="center">Properties of Matter</p> <p>Key Vocabulary: physical, property, matter, strength, hardness, flexibility, conduct, reaction, composition, mineral, color, luster, cleavage, metamorphic, sedimentary, igneous, sediment, observable, molten, deposit, compacted, transform, streak</p>	<p>4.P.2; Understand the composition and properties of matter before and after they undergo a change or interaction</p> <p>4.P.2.1; Compare the physical properties of samples of matter (strength, hardness, flexibility, ability to attract heat, electricity, and other magnets, reactions to water and fire)</p> <p>4.P.2.2; Explain how minerals are identified using tests for physical properties of hardness, color, luster, streak, and cleavage.</p> <p>4.P.2.3; Classify rocks as metamorphic, sedimentary or igneous based on their composition, how they are formed and the process that creates them.</p>	<p align="center">WEEKS 6-12</p>

END OF TRIMESTER 1

<p style="text-align: center;">Forms of Energy</p> <p>Key Vocabulary: Energy, Light, Heat, Thermal Energy, Medium, Reflect, Refract, Absorb, Electricity, Electrical Circuit, Magnet</p>	<p>4.P.3 Recognize that energy takes various forms that may be grouped based on their interaction with matter.</p> <p>4.P.3.1 Recognize the basic forms of energy (light, sound, heat, electrical, and magnetic) as the ability to cause motion or create change.</p> <p>4.P.3.2 Recognize that light travels in a straight line until it strikes an object or travels from one medium to another, and that light can be reflected, refracted, and absorbed.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">WEEKS 1-4</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Earth's Cycles</p> <p>Key Vocabulary: rotate, revolve, axis, moon, planet, appearance, wax, wane, phase, New Moon, First Quarter, Full Moon, Last Quarter, cycle</p>	<p>4.E.1 Explain the causes of day and night and phases of the moon.</p> <p>4.E.1.1 Explain the cause of day and night based on the rotation of Earth on its axis.</p> <p>4.E.1.2 Explain the monthly changes in the appearance of the moon, based on the moon's orbit around the Earth</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">WEEKS 5-8</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Earth's History</p> <p>Key Vocabulary: fossil, surface, mold, cast, preserved, organism, erosion, weathering, landslide, volcanic eruption, earthquake, existing, evidence, chemical, soil, subtle, drastic, rapid, gravity, incline, pressure, crust, vibration, evidence, environment</p>	<p>4.E.2 Understand the use of fossils and changes in the surface of the earth as evidence of the history of the Earth and its changing life forms.</p> <p>4.E.2.1 Compare fossils (including molds, casts, and preserved parts of plants and animals) to one another and to living organisms.</p> <p>4.E.2.2 Infer ideas about Earth's early environments from fossils of plants and animals that lived long ago. 4.E.2.3 Give examples of how the surface of the earth changes due to slow processes such as erosion and weathering, and rapid processes such as landslides, volcanic eruptions and earthquakes.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">WEEKS 8-12</p>

END OF TRIMESTER 2

<p>Habitats, Ecosystems, and Interdependency</p> <p>Key Vocabulary: Adaptation, Beneficial, Harmful, Habitat, Recycling, Waste, Flooding, Population, Community, Reproduce, Survive, Advantage, Animal, Environment, Plant, Disease, Instinctive, Behavior, Ecological Systems, Preserve, Conserve, Variation, Survival Advantage</p>	<p>4.L.1 Understand the effects of environmental changes, adaptations and behaviors that enable animals (including humans) to survive in changing habitats.</p> <p>4.L.1.1 Give examples of changes in an organism’s environment that are beneficial to it and some that are harmful.</p> <p>4.L.1.2 Explain how animals meet their needs by using behaviors in response to information received from the environment.</p> <p>4.L.1.3 Explain how humans can adapt their behavior to live in changing habitats (e.g., recycling wastes, establishing rain gardens, planting trees and shrubs to prevent flooding and erosion).</p> <p>4.L.1.4 Explain how differences among animals of the same population sometimes give individuals an advantage in surviving and reproducing in changing habitats.</p>	<p>WEEKS 1-7</p>
<p>Molecular Biology</p> <p>Key Vocabulary: substance, food, non-food, energy, growth, repair, vitamins, exercise, minerals, healthy, derive, produce, producer, consume, consumer, dietary supplements, maintenance, essential, development, benefits, classify, survival, maintain, organism, diet, potion, systems (body)</p>	<p>4.L.2 Understand food and the benefits of vitamins, minerals and exercise.</p> <p>4.L.2.1 Classify substances as food or non-food items based on their ability to provide energy and materials for survival, growth, and repair of the body.</p> <p>4.L.2.2 Explain the role of vitamins and minerals, and exercise in maintaining a healthy body.</p>	<p>WEEKS 8-12</p>

